Hot Button Housing Issues for the 89th Texas Legislature November 7, 2024

Junk Fees \$\$\$\$\$\$\$

Hidden or bogus charges tacked onto the rent:

- Mandatory recurring fees: e.g., pest control fee, valet trash fee, administrative fee, fire hydrant fee, cable fee, insurance fee, billing fee, facilities fee
- Excessive up front fees: high application fees, administrative fees, hold fees, "at risk" fees

Altura Apartments Mandatory Fees

Application	\$75/person
Administrative Fee	\$200
Trash	\$32
Pest Control	\$7
Cable/Internet	\$85
Administrative Billing Fee	\$3
One-Time Utility Service Connection Fee	\$5

Junk Fees: Key Issues

Non-disclosure

- Anti-competitive: Inability to comparison shop
- Surprise cost burden
- Race to the bottom
- End run around rent restrictions in affordable housing programs
- Drives up cost of housing

Junk Fees: Policy Reforms

- Require transparency: Disclose mandatory fees in advertisements, applications, and leases
- Prohibit mid-lease changes in fees
- Restrict fees in affordable housing programs
 - Require inclusion of mandatory fees in rent caps
 - Ban mandatory fees
 - Restrict application fees

https://law.utexas.edu/clinics/2024/03/29/combatting-junk-fees-in-texasrental-housing-a-pathway-to-fairer-and-more-transparent-leasingpractices/ Reining in Abuses with Tax-Exempt Public-Private Partnerships

- Traveling HFCs = need to ban
- Extend guardrails in Chapter 303 to Chapters 392 and 394
 - Income and rent restrictions
 - Rein in bad "bail out" acquisition deals
 - Accountability: audit and reporting
 - Acceptance of vouchers
 - Basic tenant protections

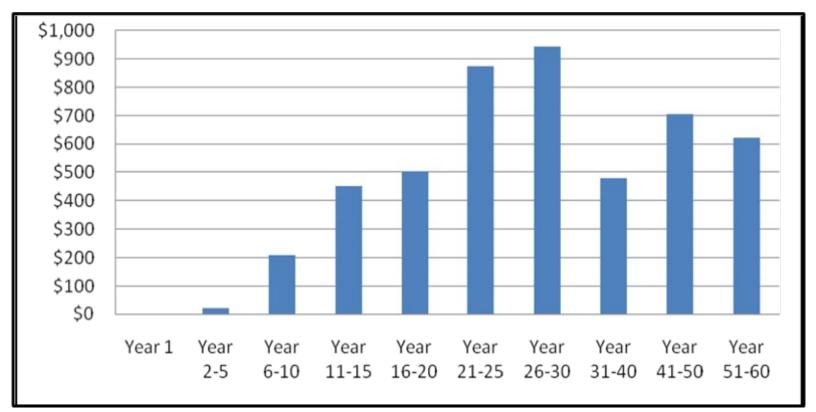


UT Law Housing Policy Clinic Report: https://law.utexas.edu/wpcontent/uploads/sites/11/2024/08/2024-Univ-of-Texas-Housing-Policy-Clinic-LIHTC-and-Reserves.pdf

Challenges:

- Investor incentives do not align with long-term preservation
- LIHTC properties operate on tight margins
- Properties' capital reserves are inadequate to address long-term capital needs

Average Annual Capital Needs Per Unit (constant dollars)



Source: https://www.nyc.gov/assets/hpd/downloads/pdfs/services/HOME-LowIncomeHousing-Tax-CreditGuidebook.pdf

Policies

- Increase replacement reserve requirements
- Reserves stay with property when investors exit
- Require capital needs assessments every 7 years
- Strengthen policies governing investor exits and property sales:
 - 20-year CNA
 - Immediate needs: Covenant and funding at closing
 - Short-term needs: Covenant to complete w/in 3 years and funding at closing
 - Long-term needs: Covenant, deposits to reserve account

